CIL

EMU CRITICAL ITEMS LIST

5/30/2002 SUPERSEDES 12/31/2001

								Date: 4/24/200	02
NAME		FAILURE							
P/N		MODE &							
QTY	CRIT	CAUSES	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCE	PTANCE				
£									
		104FM32					. – – – – –		
		104FM32							
PRESSURE BOOT	2/1R	Loss of	END ITEM:	A. Design -					
ASSEMBLY, ITEM		primary axial	Loss of					icated from 1" wide	
104 (1) LEFT (1)		restraint	primary axial					onforming to V-T-285	
RIGHT		webbing.	restraint.					aints with type 301	
0104 010005								ated by back tack ar	nd
0104-210895-		D. f	CEE IMMEDEACE.	searing of thread e					E
25/26/29/30; 0104-210895-		Defective Material: Worn	GFE INTERFACE: Axial load					demonstrating a same	rety
33/34/35/36		thread or	will be	factor of 2.29 again	LIIST S/AD	IIIIIIL IOAG O	1 030 at 4.4 psi	ıa.	
(2)		webbing.	transferred to	At 5.5 psid the inside and outside axial restraints exhibit safety factors of					οf
(2)			secondary	4.3 and 4.9 respectively. AT 8.8 psid the inside and outside axial restraints					
	restraint exhibit safety factors o								
			webbing.						
			3	Worn thread is precluded by the abrasion protection afforded to the boot axial					
			MISSION:	restraint by the TMG. Webbing wear is further precluded by applying epoxy					
			Terminate EVA.	adhesive to the exposed threads of the keeper screw to eliminate sharp edges.					
			CREW/VEHICLE:	B. Test -					
			Loss of boot	Acceptance: The boot primary and secondary axial restraints are subjected to the S/AD limit loads of 400 pounds on the inner side restraint and 350 pounds on the outside					
			sole and						
			ability to interface with				straint and 350	pounds on the outsi	ıae
			foot	restraint during ma	anuracture	•			
			restraint.	PDA:					
			Loss of	The following test is conducted at the Lower Torso Assembly level in					dance
			crewman with	with ILC Document 0111-710112. A proof pressure test at $8.0 + 0.2 - 0.0$ psig for					
			loss of	a minimum of 5 minutes is conducted with the TMG removed.					
secondary									
			restraint	Certification:					
			webbing.	The Enhanced Boot axial restraints were successfully tested (manned) during					
						operational life (Ref. ILC Document 0111-711330).			
			TIME TO EFFECT						
			/ACTIONS:	The following usage, reflecting requirements of significance to the be					
			Minutes.	restraints, was documented during certification:					
			TIME	Primaries					
			AVAILABLE:	Requirement		S/AD	Actual		
			Days.						
							0.4.0.0.5		
			TIME REQUIRED:	Ankle Flexion/Exter	nsion	11614	24000		
			Hours.	Pressure Cycles		300	600		
			REDUNDANCY	Don/Doff Cycles Pressure Hours		98 458	400 916		
			SCREENS:	riessure mours		470	シエの		
			A-PASS	Per EM # 93-1131:					
			B-N/A	Secondaries					
			C-PASS	Requirement	S/AD	Actual			
				Ankle Cycles	5807	12000			
				Pressure Cycles	150	300			

The Enhanced Boot axial restraints were successfully subjected to a BTA ultimate pressure of 13.2 psig (1.5 times max BTA operating pressure based on 8.8 psid)

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NAME FAILURE P/N MODE &

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CAUSES FAILURE EFFECT RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE

104FM32

(Ref. ILC Document 0111-711330).

C. Inspection -

Components and material manufactured to ILC requirements at an approved supplier are documented from procurement through shipping by the supplier. ILC incoming receiving inspection verifies that the materials received are as identified in the procurement documents, that no damage has occurred during shipment and that supplier certifications have been received which provide traceability information.

The following MIP'S are performed during the Boot Assembly manufacturing process to assure that the failure causes are precluded from the fabricated item.

1. Restraint webbings are inspected for damage after load test to $400~{\rm lbs}$. during manufacturing.

During PDA, the following inspection points are performed at the boot assembly level in accordance with ILC Document 0111-710112:

- 1. Visual inspection for material degradation.
- 2. Visual inspection for structural damage following proof pressure test.

D. Failure History - None.

E. Ground Turnaround -

Every four years or 229 hours of manned pressurized time the boots are removed from the LTA and subjected to internal and external visual inspection with TMGs removed for structural integrity and material degradation or damage. Following installation to the LTA, structural and leakage tests are performed.

F. Operational Use -

Crew Response -

Pre/post-EVA: When detected terminate EVA prep. If detected audibly or tactily, troubleshoot problem. If no success, use spare LTA if available or terminate EVA prep.

EVA: When detected terminate EVA.

Special Training -

No training specifically covers this failure mode.

Operational Considerations -

Not applicable.

EXTRAVEHICULAR MOBILITY UNIT

SYSTEMS SAFETY REVIEW PANEL REVIEW

FOR THE

I-104 LOWER TORSO ASSEMBLY (LTA)

CRITICAL ITEM LIST (CIL)

EMU CONTRACT NO. NAS 9-97150

Approved by:

M. Smylin HS - Reliability

VASArwiProgrami Manager