CIL EMU CRITICAL ITEMS LIST

5/30/2002 SUPERSEDES 12/31/2001

NAME FAILURE P/N MODE & OTY CRIT CAUSES FAILURE EFFECT RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE 106FM14 2/2 END ITEM: 4000 PALM Palm restraint A. Design -RESTRAINT ASSY, bar deformed. Palm bar bent. 4000: ITEM 106 (1) LEFT The palm bar is encased in polyester webbing. It is fabricated from 1/8" diameter cold drawn 302 stainless steel wire, stiff enough to retain its shape (1) RIGHT Defective GFE INTERFACE: under pressure, but re-formable by the astronaut prior to EVA, to fit his hand. 0106-88936-09/10 Material: Bent. Hampered hand Palm bar deformation during EVA is extremely unlikely as it is protected by the mobility. (2) Pressurized glove and TMG. Difficulty OR PHASE VI PALM interfacing Phase VI: BAR, TTEM 106 (1) with tools. The palm restraint system is composed of a strap stitched directly to the LEFT (1) RIGHT Crewman restraint to form a tunnel and a stainless steel bar that resides in the discomfort due tunnel. The bar is annealed 17-4 SS that is heat treated after shaping. 0106-812162-01/02 to pressure (2) points. The palm restraint buckle is made entirely of 302/304 stainless steel. A knurled sliding bar retains the restraint strap in position. The restraint MISSION: strap is further secured by mating with velcro attached to the strap with size Terminate EVA. "E" polyester thread. The glove restraint assembly is completely covered by a TMG which serves to CREW/VEHICLE: protect the palm restraint assembly webbing and stitching from abrasion. None. B. Test. -4000/Phase VI: TIME TO EFFECT In accordance with ILC Document 0111-70028 for the 4000 Series gloves or 0111-/ACTIONS: Minutes. 710112 for Phase VI gloves, the glove assembly is subjected to a five minute 8.0 (+ 0.2 - 0.0) psig proof pressure test to verify no structural damage. TIME AVAILABLE: Certification: 4000: N/A The glove assembly was successfully tested (manned) during SSA certification to TIME REQUIRED: duplicate operational life. (Ref. ILC-EM-83-1083). N/A The glove restraint assembly was successfully subjected to an ultimate pressure REDUNDANCY of 13.2 psig during SSA certification testing. This represents 1.5 times the BTA SCREENS: maximum operating pressure of 8.8 psig. Recertification to was by test and analysis (ref. ILC EM 84-1108). A-N/A B-N/A C-N/A The glove restraint assembly was successfully tested (manned) during certification testing to duplicate operational usage (Ref. Certification Test Report for the Phase VI Glove, (ILC Doc. 0111-712701).

C. Inspection 4000/Phase VI:

Components and material manufactured to ILC requirements at an approved supplier are documented from procurement through shipping by the supplier. ILC incoming receiving inspection verifies that the materials received are as identified in the procurement documents, that no damage has occurred during shipment and that

The glove assembly was successfully subjected to an ultimate pressure of 13.2 psig during Certification Testing (Ref. ILC doc 0111-712701). This is 1.5 times

the maximum BTA operating pressure based on 8.8 psig.

Page 1

Date: 4/24/2002

EMU CRITICAL ITEMS LIST 5/30/2002 SUPERSEDES 12/31/2001

NAME FAILURE

NAME FAILURE
P/N MODE &
OTY CRIT CAUSES FAILURE EFFECT

TY CRIT CAUSES FAILURE EFFECT RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE

106FM14

supplier certifications have been received which provide traceability information.

The following MIP's are performed during the glove assembly manufacturing process to assure that the failure causes are precluded from the fabricated item:

1. Visual inspection to verify that the palm bar was installed correctly and not deformed.

Page 2

Date: 4/24/2002

During PDA, the following inspection points are performed at the glove assembly level in accordance with ILC Document 0111-70028 for the 4000 Series gloves or 0111-710112 for the Phase VI gloves:

- 1. Visual inspection for material degradation.
- 2. Visual inspection for structural damage to the palm restraint following proof pressure testing.
- D. Failure History 4000/Phase VI: None.
- E. Ground Turnaround 4000/Phase VI: Checked per FEMU-R-001, Pre-Flight Fit Check.
- F. Operational Use Crew Response 4000/Phase VI:

Pre/Post-EVA: Troubleshoot problems, if no success, consider spare gloves if available. Otherwise continue EVA operations.

EVA: If hand dexterity is reduced appreciably, stop hand intensive work or terminate EVA.

Special Training - No training specifically covers this failure mode.

Operational Considerations - Not applicable.

EXTRAVEHICULAR MOBILITY UNIT SYSTEMS SAFETY REVIEW PANEL REVIEW

FOR THE

I-106 GLOVE ASSEMBLY

CRITICAL ITEM LIST (CIL)

EMU CONTRACT NO. NAS 9-97150

Prepared by:

AS - Project Engineering