EMU CRITICAL ITEMS LIST

5/30/2002 SUPERSEDES 12/24/1992

Date: 3/27/2002

NAME P/N QTY	CRIT	FAILURE MODE & CAUSES	FAILURE EFFECT			
QTY	CRIT	CAUSES	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
		120CFM03				
CHECK VALVE, ITEM 120C	2/1R	External gas leakage.	END ITEM: Bladder gas leakage to	A. Design - There are two radial seals and two face seals which prevent external leakage. All seals are elastomeric 0-rings which provide required sealing by conforming		
SV785844-17 (1)		Seal failure	ambient.	to the surface being sealed.		
		(3).		B. Test -		
			GFE INTERFACE: Excessive consumption of primary oxygen supply. The	Component Acceptance Test - Two external leakage tests are performed per AT-E-120-2. In the first test, the item is pressurized to 14.6 - 15.6 psig with N2 and then submerged in water for 10 minutes minimum. The maximum allowable leakage is 0.06 scc/min. In the second test, the item is pressurized to 22.2 - 28.2 psig with N2 and then submerged in		
			SOP is automatically activated	water for 10 minutes minimum. The leakage is not to exceed 0.1 scc/min. PDA Test -		
			during EVA if the suit	An external leakage test is performed per SEMU-60-010. The 02 feedwater circuit is pressurized to 14.6 - 15.7 psig with a mixture of 98% N2 and 2% He. A helium		
			pressure drops to 3.33 psid.	sniff test of the check valve must reveal no evidence of external leakage.		
			MISSION:	Certification Test - Certified for a useful life of 25 years (ref EMUM-1418).		
			Terminate EVA.	C. Inspection -		
			Loss of use of one EMU.	Seal failure - The four interfacing surfaces (two radial seals and two face seals) between the valve housing, check valve fitting and test port cover are 100% inspected to meet dimensional and surface finish requirements. The 0-seals are inspected for surface characteristics per SVHS3432; 100% for		
			CREW/VEHICLE: None for single failure.	Classes I and II, at least a 1.5 AQL for Class III. An external leakage test is performed as an inprocess test allowing no more than 0.06 scc/per minute leakage in a ten minute test period.		
			Possible loss			
			of crewman with loss of SOP.	D. Failure History - None.		
			50F.			
			TIME TO EFFECT /ACTIONS: Seconds.	E. Ground Turnaround - Tested for non-EET processing per FEMU-R-001, Final SEMU Gas Structural and Leakage. None for EET processing.		
				F. Operational Use -		
			TIME AVAILABLE: Minutes.	Crew Response - PreEVA: No response, single failure unlikely to be detected by crew or ground. PostEVA: N/A		
			TIME REQUIRED: Immediate.	EVA: When CWS data confirms an accelerated primary 02 use rate, terminate EVA. If CWS data confirms a loss of suit pressure integrity coupled with an accelerated primary 02 use rate, abort EVA.		
			REDUNDANCY	Training - Standard EMU training covers this failure mode.		
			SCREENS: A-PASS	Operational Considerations - Consider vacuum 02 recharge to recover EMU operation.		
			A-PASS B-PASS C-PASS	Consider Vacuum 02 recharge to recover EMU operation. Flight rules define go/no go criteria related to EMU suit pressure regulation. EVA checklist and FDF procedures verify hardware integrity and operational status prior to EVA. Real Time Data System allows ground monitoring of EMU		

CIL EMU CRITICAL ITEMS LIST			5/30/2002 SUPERSEDES 12/24/1992		Page 2 Date: 3/27/2002
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		120CFM03			

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systems.

EXTRAVEHICULAR MOBILITY UNIT

SYSTEMS SAFETY REVIEW PANEL REVIEW

FOR THE

I-120 DUAL MODE RELIEF VALVE

CRITICAL ITEM LIST (CIL)

EMU CONTRACT NO. NAS 9-97150

A Clauren / Prepared by:

3/27/02 Approved by: 2mB

NASA VSSM

M. Smph HS - Reliability

-Rom

- Engineering Manager HS

MASA - Crew

NASA Program Manager