CIL EMU CRITICAL ITEMS LIST

5/30/2002 SUPERSEDES 12/31/2001

Date: 6/17/2002

In-process and final electrical checkout of the harness (conductor continuity,

dielectric strength, and insulation resistance tests) are performed to ensure

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NAME FAILURE P/N MODE & OTY CRIT CAUSES FAILURE EFFECT RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE 391FM11 2/2 END ITEM: JUMPER HARNESS, Electrical A. Design -ITEM 391 open or short Electrical Open and short circuits are minimized by the following: Each connector/adapter in coolant open or short ring interface is locked in place to prevent rotation by a mechanical lock. #22 AWG Teflon insulated wires and connector provide electrical conduction SV821755-1 loop isolation to ground in (1)valve (CLIV) CLIV and insulation properties. Connector pins are at 56.7% of derated temperature and 6.9% of derated voltage, and wire is at 12.4% of derated current. The open/ close open/close lines. These convoluted tubing provides an additional layer of insulation to prevent shorts lines. lines are between the EMI braid and any internal unshielded conductors. The woven Halar sheath is assembled over the internal cables to provide protection from abrasion Cable chafing current. against limited to 0.7 and impact. Connector pins are insulated by a polyphenylene sulfide insert. The connector +/- 0.2 ampsP3 connector backshell housing has internal edges blended smooth to prevent shell or in the DCM. cable chafing. Strain relief is provided by the combination of convolute tubing, metal EMI braid , and 0.5" extra cable length. The braided items are shield. Improper secured by a band strap at each connector/cable interface. The convolute tubing GFE INTERFACE: is threaded into the connectors. Wire crimping is performed per SVHS4909 (based connector strain relief. Loss of power on MSFC Spec-Q-1A). to CLIV. Faulty connection Unable to B. Test between change Component Acceptance Test position of The 391 harness is subjected to acceptance testing per AT-E-391 prior to final connector and lead wires. It.em 171 acceptance to ensure there are no workmanship problems that could cause an open insulation valve. Loss of or short circuit. Each connector/harness interface is subjected to a 9-lb. pull breakdown, cooling loop test. The insulation resistance between each conductor and the ground circuit is measured during this test to ensure there are no intermittent shorts and to conductor degas verify the integrity of the harness strain relief. A continuity test is severed, capability. May not be performed to measure the resistance of each circuit to ensure there are no open contact resistance. able to start circuits or high resistance paths. The insulation resistance and dielectric pump with strength between each conductor and the shield ground is measured to ensure valve closed. there are no shorts. PDA Test -MISSION: An open or short in the CLIV open/close lines would be detected during DCM PDA Terminate EVA testing per SEMU-60-015 para. 4.0 Electrical Testing). with crew discomfort, Certification Test -Certified for a useful life of 15 years (ref. EMU1-13-046). (hot). C. Inspection -CREW/VEHICLE: To ensure that there are no workmanship problems which could cause an open or None. short circuit in the harness conductors, the following inspections are made: Contact crimp samples are made prior to start of crimping and at the conclusion of crimping and pull tested to ensure the crimp tooling is operating TIME TO EFFECT properly. All crimp terminations are inspected for defects. Harness cables and /ACTIONS: conductors are visually inspected prior to assembly to ensure there are no Minutes. defects which could cause an open or short due to workmanship. Electrical bond test is performed to verify ground path through various points on the harness.

> TIME AVAILABLE:

TIME REQUIRED:

N/A

N/A

D. Failure History -None.

there are no open/short circuits.

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QTY

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NAME FAILURE P/N MODE &

CRIT

CAUSES FAILURE EFFECT RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE

391FM11

REDUNDANCY SCREENS: A-N/A B-N/A

C-N/A

E. Ground Turnaround -

Tested per FEMU-R-001, Dry LCVG Degas Test.

F. Operational Use -

Crew Response -

PreEVA: Troubleshoot problem. If no success, consider third EMU if available. Otherwise, EMU is go for SCU.

EVA: Terminate EVA.

Training - Standard training covers this failure mode.

Operational Considerations -

Flight rule A15.1.2-2 of "Space Shuttle Operational Flight Rules", NSTS-12820 defines go/no go criteria related to EMU thermal control. Generic EVA Checklist, JSC-48023, procedures Section 3 (EMU Checkout) and 4 (EVA prep) verify hardware integrity and systems operational status prior to EVA. Real Time Data System allows ground monitoring of EMU systems.

EXTRAVEHICULAR MOBILITY UNIT

SYSTEMS SAFETY REVIEW PANEL REVIEW

FOR THE

I-106 GLOVE ASSEMBLY

CRITICAL ITEM LIST (CIL)

EMU CONTRACT NO. NAS 9-97150

Prepared by:

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