

ITEM NO. <u>4.2.6.11</u> CRITICALITY <u>272</u>	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>IVC/CLA</u> DWG NO. <u>2294819-506 508/</u> <u>2294821-503</u> SHEET <u>1</u> OF <u>9</u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT OR END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
<p>lens motion functions zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure).</p> <p>CLA A1 Stepper Motor Drive 2294850-504 A2 Power Supply, Command Receivers. 2294881-501</p>	<p>Inability to control focus, zoom or iris.</p> <p>Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.</p>	<p>DESIGN FEATURES</p> <p>The IVC/lens Assembly is comprised of 16 electrical subassemblies; 13 subassemblies are RCA Astro designed and fabricated using standard printed-circuit board type of construction. The remaining three assemblies, high voltage power supply, oscillator, and stepper motors, are vendor supplied components which have been specified and purchased according to RCA Specification Control Drawings (SCDs) prepared by engineering and reliability assurance. Specifications per the SCD are prepared to establish the design, performance, test, qualification, and acceptance requirements for a procured piece of equipment.</p> <p>Parts, materials, processes, and design guidelines for the Shuttle CCTV program are specified in accordance with RCA 2295503. This document defines the program requirements for selection and control of EEE parts. To the maximum extent, and consistent with availability, all parts have been selected from military specifications at the JAN level, as a minimum. In addition to the overall selection criteria, a subset of general purpose preferred parts has been defined by this document and the RCA Government Systems Division Standard Parts List. In the case of the CMOS and TTL family of microcircuits, devices are screened and tested to the MIL-STD-883C equivalent and procured under the designations of HI-REL/3MQ and SMC 54LS from RCA-SSO and Texas Instruments Corp, respectively. Parts not included in the above documents have been used in the design only after a nonstandard item approval form (NSIAF) has been prepared, submitted to Reliability Assurance Engineering (RAE) and approved for use in the specific application(s) defined in the NSIAF by NASA-JSC.</p> <p>Worst-Case Circuit Analyses have been performed and documented for all circuit designs to demonstrate that sufficient operating margins exist for all operating conditions. The analysis was worst case-in that the value for each of the variable parameters was set to limits that will drive the output to a maximum (or minimum).</p> <p>A component application review and analysis was conducted to verify that the applied stress on each piece part by the temperature extremes identified with environmental qualification testing does not exceed the stress derating values identified in RCA 2295503.</p> <p>In addition, an objective examination of the design was performed through a PDR and COR to verify that the IVC/lens assembly met specification and contractual requirements.</p>

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FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
<p>Lens motion functions zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure).</p> <p>(LA A1 Stepper Motor Drive 2294880-504 B2 Power Supply, Command Receivers. 2294887-501</p>	<p>Inability to control focus, zoom or iris.</p> <p>Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.</p>	<p>DESIGN FEATURES (Continued)</p> <p>BARE BOARD DESIGN (A1)</p> <p>The design of the associated A1 board is constructed from laminated copper-clad epoxy glass sheets (NEMA G-10) Grade FR-4), PER MIL-P-55617A. Circuit connections are made through printed traces which run from point to point on the board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular ring. The annular ring surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. This ring provides a footing for the solder, ensuring good mechanical and electrical performance. Its size and shape are governed by MIL-P-55640 as are trace widths, spacing and routing. These requirements are reiterated specifically in drawing notes to further assure compliance. Variations between the artwork master and the final product (due to irregularities of the etching process) are also controlled by drawing notes. This prevents making defective boards from good artwork. Holes which house no lead or terminal, but serve only to electrically interconnect the different board layers, contain stitch bars for mechanical support and increased reliability.</p> <p>The thru holes are drilled from a drill tape thus eliminating the possibility of human error and allowing tight control over hole and annular ring concentricity, an important reliability criterion. After drilling and etching, All copper cladding is tin-lead plated per MIL-STD-1495. This provides for easy and reliable soldering at the time of board assembly, even after periods of prolonged storage.</p> <p>BOARD ASSEMBLY DESIGN (A1)</p> <p>All components are installed in a manner which assures maximum reliability. Component leads are pre-tinned, allowing total wetting of solder joints. All leads are formed to provide stress relief and the bodies of large components are staked. Special mounting and handling instructions are included in each drawing required after final assembly. The board is coated with urethane which protects against humidity and contamination.</p> <p>BOARD PLACEMENT</p> <p>The A1 and A2, boards are secured in the electronics assembly by gold-plated beryllium copper card guides. Connections are made to the mother board with blind-mated connectors. Disengagement during launch is prevented by a cover which spans the board's free edge.</p>	

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FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END USER	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
<p>Lens motion functions zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure).</p> <p>LLB A1 Stepper Motor Drive 2294880-504 A2 Power Supply. Command Receivers. 2294681-501</p>	<p>Inability to control focus, zoom or iris.</p> <p><u>Worst Case:</u> Loss of mission critical video.</p>	<p>DESIGN FEATURES</p> <p>BARE BOARD CONSTRUCTION (A2)</p> <p>The boards are of "welded wire" construction. At the bare board level this does not distinguish it from a normal PC board except that holes which will take weld pins generally are not connected to PC traces. Only those pins which bring power and ground potentials to the ICs are on PCs. An annular ring surrounds the hole in the board where each power and ground pin is located. These pins are then soldered to the trace like any other component lead. Aside from this feature, all design & construction techniques used in PC board layout apply.</p> <p>BOARD ASSEMBLY (A2)</p> <p>The drilled and etched boards are populated with several hundred solderable or weldable pins. Power and ground pins, as well as connector pins, are soldered in place. Discreet components (resistors, diodes, capacitors) are attached to bifurcated terminals, where they are soldered. Flatpack ICs are welded, lead-by-lead, to the tops of the weld pins. After welding, extra lead material is trimmed away. Circuit connections are made using #30 AWG nickel weld wire. The wire is welded to the pin surfaces on the board backside. All wire welds are done using a machine which is tape driven, thus eliminating the possibility of miswiring due to operator error. All wiring & circuit performance is tested prior to box-level installation. After successful testing, components are staked as required by drawing notes and the assembly is coated with urethane.</p> <p>The board is inserted in the box on card-edge guides, in the same manner as the other PC boards.</p>

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FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
<p>Lens motion functions zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure).</p> <p>(1A) A1 Stepper Motor Drive 2294850-504 A2 Power Supply, Command Receivers, 2294881-501</p>	<p>Inability to control focus, zoom or iris.</p> <p>Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.</p>	<p><u>QUALIFICATION TEST</u></p> <p>For Qualification Test Flow, see Table 2 located at the front of this book.</p>

FMEA NO. <u>4.2.6.1</u>	SHUTTLE CCIV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>TVC/CLA</u>
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		<u>2294821-503</u>
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FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON EML ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE																
<p>Lens motion functions zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure).</p> <p><u>CA</u></p> <p><u>A1</u> Stepper Motor Drive 2294880-504</p> <p><u>A2</u> Power Supply, Command Receivers. 2294081-501</p>	<p>Inability to control focus, zoom or iris.</p> <p><u>Worst Case:</u> Loss of mission critical video.</p>	<p><u>ACCEPTANCE TEST</u></p> <p>The CCIV systems' TVC/CLA is subjected directly, without vibration isolators which might be used in their normal installation, to the following testing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vibration: <table style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>20-80Hz:</td> <td>3 dB/Oct-rise from 0.01 G²/Hz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>80-350 Hz:</td> <td>0.04 G²/Hz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>350-750 Hz:</td> <td>-3 dB/10 Oct-slope</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Test Duration:</td> <td>1 Minute per Axis</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Test Level:</td> <td>6.1 Grms</td> </tr> </table> • Thermal Vacuum: In a pressure of 1X10⁻⁵ Torr, the temperature shall be as follows: <table style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>125° F:</td> <td>Time to stabilize equipment plus 1 hour</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25° F:</td> <td>Time to stabilize equipment plus 1 hour</td> </tr> <tr> <td>125° F:</td> <td>Time to stabilize equipment plus 1 hour</td> </tr> </table> <p>The TVC/CLA may not have been subjected to the vacuum condition.</p> <p>For Acceptance Test Flow, see Table 1 located at the front of this book.</p> <p><u>OPERATIONAL TEST</u></p> <p>In order to verify that CCIV components are operational, a test must verify the health of all the command related components from the PHS (A7A1) panel switch, through the RCU, through the sync lines to the Camera/PTU, to the Camera/PTU command decoder. The test must also verify the camera's ability to produce video, the VSU's ability to route video, and the monitor's ability to display video. A similar test would be performed to verify the MMH command path.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Pre-Launch on Orbiter Test/In-Flight Test</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power CCIV System. 2. Via the PHS panel, select a monitor as destination and the camera under test as source. 3. Send "Camera Power On" command from PHS panel. 4. Select "External Sync" on monitor. 5. Observe video displayed on monitor. Note that if video on monitor is synchronized (i.e., stable raster) then this indicates that the camera is receiving composite sync from the RCU and that the camera is producing synchronized video. 6. Send Pan, Tilt, focus, Zoom, BLR, AND Gamma commands and visually (either via the monitor or direct observation) verify operation. 7. Select downlink as destination and camera under test as source. 8. Observe video routed to downlink. 9. Send "Camera Power Off" command via PHS panel. 10. Repeat Steps 1 through 9 except issue commands via the MMH command path. This proves that the CCIV equipment is operational. 	20-80Hz:	3 dB/Oct-rise from 0.01 G ² /Hz	80-350 Hz:	0.04 G ² /Hz	350-750 Hz:	-3 dB/10 Oct-slope	Test Duration:	1 Minute per Axis	Test Level:	6.1 Grms	125° F:	Time to stabilize equipment plus 1 hour	25° F:	Time to stabilize equipment plus 1 hour	125° F:	Time to stabilize equipment plus 1 hour
20-80Hz:	3 dB/Oct-rise from 0.01 G ² /Hz																	
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350-750 Hz:	-3 dB/10 Oct-slope																	
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125° F:	Time to stabilize equipment plus 1 hour																	
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125° F:	Time to stabilize equipment plus 1 hour																	

FHIA NO. <u>4.2.6.1</u> CRITICALITY <u>2/2</u>		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>TVC/CLA</u> OMC NO. <u>2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503</u> SHEET <u>6</u> OF <u>9</u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Lens motion functions zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure). CIA A1 Stepper Motor Drive 2294880-504 A2 Power Supply, Command Receivers, 2294881-501	FAILURE EFFECT ON ENG ITEM Inability to control focus, zoom or iris. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	NATIONAL FOR ACCEPTANCE QAZ INSPECTION <p>Procurement Control - The IVC/CLA EEE Parts and hardware items are procured from approved vendors and suppliers who meet the requirements set forth in the CCTV contract and Quality Plan Work Statement (WS-2593176). Resident DCAS personnel review all procurement documents to establish the need for GSI on selected parts (PAI 517).</p> <p>Incoming Inspection and Storage - Incoming Quality inspections are made on all received materials and parts. Results are recorded by lot and retained in file by drawing and control numbers for future reference and traceability. All EEE parts are subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called for in PAI 315 - Incoming Inspection Test Instructions. Incoming flight parts are further processed in accordance with RCA 1846684 - Preconditioning and Acceptance Requirements for Electronic Parts, with the exception that DPA and PIND testing is not performed. Mechanical items are inspected per PAI 316 - Incoming Inspection Instructions for mechanical items, PAI 305 - Incoming Quality Control Inspection Instruction, and PAI 612 - Procedure for Processing Incoming or Purchased Parts Designated for Flight Use. Accepted items are delivered to Material Controlled Stores and retained under specified conditions until fabrication is required. Non-conforming materials are held for Material Review Board (MRB) disposition. (PAI-307, PAI IQC-531.)</p> <p>Board Assembly & Test - Prior to the start of CIA board assembly, all items are verified to be correct by stock room personnel, as the items are accumulated to form a kit. The items are verified again by the operator who assembles the kit by checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). DCAS Mandatory Inspection Points are designated for all printed circuit, wire wrap and welded wire boards, plus harness connectors for soldering wiring, crimping, solder splices and quality workmanship prior to coating of the component side of boards and sleeving of harnesses.</p> <p>CIA Boards</p> <p>Specific instructions are given in assembly drawing notes and applicable documents called out in the fabrication procedure and record (FPR-2307088) and Parts list PL 2307088. These include wire connection list 2295902, Notes - wide angle zoom lensassy 2303191, Process Standard - bonding staking, potting, encapsulating 2240870, Specification - Urethane protective coating 2280877 and Workmanship Spec 8040875.</p>	

FMEA NO. <u>4.2.6.1</u> CRITICALITY <u>2/2</u>	SHORT-TERM CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>IYC/CLA</u> BNG NO. <u>2294819-508, 508Z</u> <u>2294821-503</u> SHFT <u>7</u> OF <u>9</u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
<p>Lens motion functions zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure).</p> <p>CLA</p> <p>A1 Stepper Motor Drive 2294880-504</p> <p>A2 Power Supply, Command Receivers, 2294881-501</p>	<p>Inability to control focus, zoom or iris.</p> <p>Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.</p>	<p><u>QA/INSPECTION (Continued)</u></p> <p><u>CLA Assembly and Test</u> - An open box test is performed per IP-IT-2294821, Acceptance Test per IP-AT-2294821. Torques are specified and witnessed, traceability numbers are recorded and calibrated tools are checked prior to use. RCA Quality and DCAS inspections are performed at the completion of specified FPR operations in accordance with PAI 204, PAI-205, PAI-217 and PAI-402. DCAS personnel witness WIA button-up and critical torquing.</p> <p><u>IYC/CLA</u> - After a IYC/CLA have been tested individually, they are mated and a final acceptance test is performed per IP-AT-2294819, including vibration and thermal vacuum environments. RCA and DCAS personnel monitor these tests and review the acceptance test data/results. These personnel also inspect after all repair, rework and rptest.</p> <p><u>Preparation for Shipment</u> - The IYC and CLA are separated prior to shipment after lubrication and testing is complete. Each is packaged according to CCTV Letter 8011 and 2280746, Process standard for Packaging and Handling guidelines. All related documentation including assembly drawings, Parts List, ABPL, Test Data, etc., is gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned specifically to each assembly. This folder is retained for reference. An EIDP is prepared for each assembly in accordance with the requirements of WS-2543176. RCA QC and DCAS personnel witness crating, packaging, packing, and marking, and review the EIDP for completeness and accuracy.</p>

FMEA NO. <u>4.2.6.1</u> CRITICALITY <u>2/2</u>		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>TVC/CLA</u> DWG NO. <u>2294819-506, 508/</u> <u>2294821-503</u> SHEET <u>8</u> OF <u>9</u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON FHO ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
Lens motion functions zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure). CLA A1 Stepper Motor Drive 2294880-504 A2 Power Supply Command Receivers. 2294881-501	Inability to control focus, zoom or iris. Worst Case: loss of mission critical video.	FAILURE HISTORY FOR W3022 Log #0517 CLA S/N F005-502 Description: Qualification Test Failure. Box Level Thermal Vac-Hot. Iris motor drawing current but iris not functioning during thermal-vacuum test (+55PC). Cause: A2-U4 opto coupler generating voltage spikes on iris clock waveform, causing motor phases to malfunction. Corrective Action: A2-U4 replaced. U4 was considered to be a random part problem, not a lot problem.	

FNCA NO. <u>4.2.6.1</u> CRITICALITY <u>2/2</u>	SHUTTLE CCIV CRITICAL ITEMS LTSE	UNIT <u>IVC/CLA</u> DWG NO. <u>2294819-506 508/</u> <u>2294821-503</u> SHEET <u>9</u> OF <u>9</u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Lens motion functions, zoom, focus, and iris, do not respond to commands (electrical failure). CLA A1 Stepper Motor Drive 2294880-504 A2 Power Supply, Command Receivers, 2294883-503	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (Inability to control focus, zoom or iris. Worst Case! Loss of mission critical video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE <u>OPERATIONAL EFFECTS</u> Video is unusable. Possible loss of major mission objectives if RMS elbow camera is required. <u>CREW ACTIONS</u> If possible, continue RMS operations using alternative visual cues. <u>CREW TRAINING</u> Crew should be trained to use possible alternates to CCIV. <u>MISSION CONSTRAINT</u> Where possible, procedures should be designed so they can be accomplished without CCIV.