		PAGE: 1 DATE: 05/15/01
FAILURE MODE & CAUSES	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
492FM02: Reads low. Binding of display mechanism due to misalignment.	End Item: Numerical gage pressure indication is lower than the actual suit pressure. GFE Interface: Numerical gage pressure indication is lower than the actual suit pressure. Mission: O2 actuator will be continually cycled to try to maintain the 7.5 to 8.0 psig suit pressure. The excess pressure will vent through the 493 relief valve. Crew/Vehicle: None for single failure. The 493 relief valve will open to vent the excess pressure. If this relief valve also fails closed, the excess pressure may rupture the suit. Possible loss of crewman from decompression sickness.	A. Design -         Interfaces on the Bourdon Tube pivoting members within the gauge are machined to a 125 microinch surface finish. The gauge needle swinging members are positioned at least 0.035 inch away from adjacent parts. Binding due to contamination is prevented by cleanliness requirements both on the detail part and assembly levels.         B. Test -       Component Acceptance Test -         The item is accuracy tested per vendor test sheets for proper operation and freedom from stiction/hysteresis.         PDA Test -         The item is accuracy tested per SEMU-60-016, Para. 7.0.         Certification Test -         The BTA completed the following Certification Cycles in 9/90:         Test         Actual Cycles       Spec. Cycles         Proof Pres. (13.3 psi)       16         The Crack/Max Flow       2100         Mate/Demate       598 Latch Seal         Poppet Keeper Retraction       312         Pust Pres. (32.2 psi)       1         The BTA Assembly completed the 15-year random vibration (48 minutes per axis), sinusoidal vibration, design and bench shock testing in 9/89.
	FAILURE MODE & CAUSES 492FM02: Reads low. Binding of display mechanism due to misalignment.	FAILURE MODE & CAUSES       FAILURE EFFECT         492FM02: Reads low.       End Item: Numerical gage pressure indication is lower than the actual suit pressure.         Binding of display mechanism due to misalignment.       End Item: Numerical gage pressure indication is lower than the actual suit pressure.         GFE Interface: Numerical gage pressure indication is lower than the actual suit pressure.       Mission: O2 actuator will be continually cycled to try to maintain the 7.5 to 8.0 psig suit pressure. The excess pressure will vent through the 493 relief valve.         Crew/Vehicle: None for single failure. The 493 relief valve will open to vent the excess pressure. If this relief valve also fails closed, the excess pressure may rupture the suit. Possible loss of crewman from decompression sickness.

	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	FAILURE EFFECT	FAILURE MODE & CAUSES	CRIT	NAME P/N QTY
nal and surface finish nd. 32A Feedwater Supply the Bends Treatment 2 Actuator is in the PRES in order to keep suit essure. Consider use of ctions are verified. EMU	<ul> <li>C. Inspection - All detail parts, and the assembly, are 100% inspected for dimensional and surface requirements.</li> <li>D. Failure History - None.</li> <li>E. Ground Turnaround Checked per FEMU-R-001, BTA Gage Accuracy Check.</li> <li>F. Operational Use</li> <li>Post-Suit Doffing Bends Treatment: Crew Response - PostEVA: No response, single failure undetectable by crew or ground. Training - Standard EMU training covers this failure mode. Operational Considerations - No constraints for single failure.</li> <li>In-Suit Bends Treatment: Criticality is 2/1RB. Suit pressure can be determined via the Item 132A Feedwater Pressure Transducer.</li> <li>Crew Response – Bends Treatment: IV crewmember will terminate the Bends Treat procedure if the pressure on the BTA Gauge increases while the O2 Actuator is in position. The IV crewmember has 10 seconds to detect and react in order to keep pressure below 11 psid. 11 psid is the max cert. vent loop burst pressure. Consid another suit to continue Bends Treatment procedure. Training – Standard EMU training covers this failure mode. Operational Considerations - Prior to EVA. EMU pressurization functions are verified.</li> </ul>		492FM02	2/1RB	
32A Fee the Ben 2 Actuate in order t essure.	<ul> <li>Poste VA: No response, single failure undetectable by crew or ground.</li> <li>Training -</li> <li>Standard EMU training covers this failure mode.</li> <li>Operational Considerations -</li> <li>No constraints for single failure.</li> <li>In-Suit Bends Treatment:</li> <li>Criticality is 2/1RB. Suit pressure can be determined via the Item 132A Fee Pressure Transducer.</li> <li>Crew Response – Bends Treatment: IV crewmember will terminate the Ben procedure if the pressure on the BTA Gauge increases while the O2 Actuate position. The IV crewmember has 10 seconds to detect and react in order t pressure below 11 psid. 11 psid is the max cert. vent loop burst pressure.</li> <li>Training – Standard EMU training covers this failure mode.</li> <li>Operational Considerations - Prior to EVA, EMU pressurization functions are function for nominal operation is also monitored during EVA. IV crewmemb suit pressure to detect and respond to an increase in suit pressure. Inability</li> </ul>				

PAGE: 2

CIL

Extravehicular Mobility Unit (EMU) Contract NAS 9-97150 June, 2001

## **CRITICAL ITEMS LIST (CIL)**

## FOR THE

## **EXTRAVEHICULAR MOBILITY UNIT (EMU)**

Updates Due To On Orbit Bends Treatment Procedure:

CIL 113DFM01B 113EFM01B 492FM01 492FM02

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3//1/20/01

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