			REVISED 5-7-B7	
FMEA RD. W 4.9 CHITICALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CUIV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT Cable DWG NO. 2293287-503 ISSUED 10-14-86 SHEET 1 0F 5	
FATEURE MODE AND CAUSE	FATLURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCE	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
Loss of +28V HTR Pwr (TVC) Open/Shart to GNO	No video if camera gets too cold. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	DESIGN FEATURES The N4 PTU cable is a 44-inch long, 25-wire assembly terminated by 37 pin connectors at each end. The video and sync/cmd wires are shielded Twinax shielded and twisted pairs of #24 wire. The cable connects the TVC and PTU. Connector types KUGGET4R35SN16 have been selected. The cable design is taken from the successfully flown Apollo program. The design is a cable-connector assembly in which the wire terminations are protected from excessive flexture at the joint between the wire and the connect terminal. The load concentration is moved away from the conductor connection and distributed axially along the length of the conductors encapsulated in a potted-taper profile. This technique also protects the assembly from dirt and entrapped moisture which could cause problems in space. The cable and its components weet the applicable requirements of NASA, Military and RCA specifications. These requirements include: General/Nechanical/Electrical Features Design and Construction Haterials Terminal Solderablity Environmental Qualification Marking and Serialization Marking and Serialization Traceability and Documentation		
	म्। भ			

REVISEO 5-7-87

FMEA NO. W 4.9 CONTICALITY 2/2 FATEURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT	SHUTTLE CCTV DWG NO. 2293287-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST ISSUED 10-T4-86 SHEET 2 OF 5 RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE
Loss of +28V HTR Pwr (TVC) Open/Shart to G/MU	Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	QUALIFICATION TEST Qualification tests of CCTV LRUs. ACCEPIANCE TEST The cable acceptance test consists of an obsenter check to assure that each wire connection is present and intact. Results are recorded on data sheets. DPERATIONAL TEST The following tests verify that CCTV components are operable and that the commands from the PMS (AZA) panel switch, through the RCU, through the sync lines to the Camera/PTU, to the Camera/PTU command decoder are proper. The tests also verify the camera's ability to produce video, the VSU's ability to route video and the monitor's ability to display video. A similar test verifies the MDM command path. Pre-Launch on Orbiter Test/In-Flight Test 1. Power CCTV System. 2. Select a monitor via the PMS panel, as destination and the camera under test as source. 3. Send "Camera Power On" command from PMS panel. 4. Select a monitor via the PMS panel, as destination and the camera under test as source. 5. Observe video displayed on monitor. 6. Observe video displayed on monitor. 7. Select Bend and that the camera is producing synchronized video. 8. Send Pan, Titt, focus, Zoom, ALC, and Gamma commanis and visually (either via the soultor or direct observation) verify proper operation. 7. Select Downlink as destination and camera under test as source. 8. Observe video routed to downlink. 9. Send "Camera Power Of?" command via PMS panel. 10. Repeat Steps 3 through 9 except issue commands via the MDN command path. This proves that the CCTV equipment is operational if video is satisfactory.

REV[SED 5-7-87

FMEA NO. N 4.9 CRITICALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT CABTE DWG NO. 2293287-503 [SSUED 10-14-86 SHEET 3 0F 5	
FATEURE MODE AND FATEURE EFFECT ON END LITEM		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
oss of +28V HTR Pmr (TVC) pen/Short to GND	No video if camera gets too cold. Norst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	Procurement Control - Wire, connectors, solder, etc. and suppliers which meet the requirements set forth the Plan Hork Statement (MS-2593176). Incoming Inspection & Storage - Incoming Quality inspective is and parts. Results are recorded by lot and control numbers for future reference and traceability Material Controlled Stores and retained under specification is required. Non-conforming materials at (MRB) disposition. (PAI-307, PAI 10C-53). Assembly & Test - Prior to the start of assembly, all by stock room personnel as the items are accumulated verified again by the operator who assembles the kit as-huilt-parts-list (ABPL). Specific instructions are given in assembly drawing a called out in the fabrication Proceedure and Record (I Process Standard crimping flight connector contacts, splicing of standard interconnecting whre using Rayol Process Standard marking of parts or assemblies with material and test procedure (IP-AT-2293287). Quality at the completion of key operations. Preparation for Shipment - When fabrication and test packaged according to 2200746, Process Standard for All related documentation including assembly drawing is gathered and held in a documentation folder assign assembly. This folder is retained for reference.	mections are made on all received retained in file by drawing and accepted items are delivered to ed conditions until cable held for Material Review Board items are verified to be correct to form a kit. The items are by checking against the cable are 280800 - 2280801 - Process Standard in-line mem solder sleeves, 2280876 - epoxy colors, 2280876. Potting and DCAS Inspections are performed is complete, the cable assembly is Packaging and Handling Guidelines. S. Parts List, ABPL, Test Data, etc.	

REVISED 5-7-87 <u>Caδ1e</u> 2293287-503 TINIT DWG NO. ISSUED SHUTTLE CCTV CHITICAL ITEMS LIST ₩ 4,9 FMEA NO. 10-14-86 SHEET CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE MODE AND EATLURE EFFECT ON END ITEM RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE .oss of +28V HTR Pwn (TVC) FAILURE HISTORY No wideo if camera gets too cold. There have been no reported failures during ACA testing, pre-flight or flight. **Ipen/Short to GND** Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.

REVISED 5-7-87

FMEA NO. N 4.9 ORITICALITY 2/2	_ 	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ETEMS LIST	UNTT Cable 9WG NO. 2293207-503 [SSUED 10-14-86 SHEET 5 0F 5	
FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT CAUSE ON EAD ITEM		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
Loss of +28V HTN Pwr (TVC) Open/Short to GND	No video if camera gets too cold. Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	CREW ACTIONS If possible, continue RMS operations using alternormal TRAINING Crew should be trained to use possible alternate MISSION CONSTRAINT Where possible procedures should be designed so	nate visual cues. s to CCTY.	
			•	